

Tips

Horned animals have a higher risk of becoming entangled in netting and should be observed during the training period - that is until they have interacted with the fence and received a pulse - so they learn not to interact with the fence.

If possible, the two ends of the netting should connect to form a closed circuit. To do this, twist the pigtails from the first and last post together and attach an energizer to both clips at the same time. This is not required.

Proper grounding is the most important factor for any electric fence system. Make sure the ground rod is sufficient and can reach underground moisture. We recommend one 36" ground rod per 164' section of electric netting. Your grounding requirements may vary based on location and soil types.

Dismantling / Moving the Netting

Warning: This Step is Very Important!
Improperly folding or rolling the netting may result in **serious tangling**.

1. After disconnecting the energizer, walk along the fence and retrieve each post one at a time. As the posts are collected, hold them together and allow the net to fold itself in half
2. Lay the folded net on the ground and roll the folds **towards** the posts. Using the tie strings, tightly tie the roll into a bundle similar to how it was during step 1. *Do Not roll the posts into the netting!*



Clear the anticipated fence line of tall grass, weeds, brush, etc. Debris making contact with the netting will lower conductivity and overall effectiveness



Drop each post in the proper sequence along the anticipated fence line.



Remove the strings tied around netting and posts



Starting at the first post, walk along the fence line & pick up each post and push it into the ground. Apply enough sideways tension to keep the netting from sagging between posts



While holding the posts, walk backwards and lay out one post at a time; unfold the entire roll of netting.



For best results, make a complete enclosure and connect each end using the steel clips.



Use the four ground stakes and rope to support corners and curves.

Your net may sag without this support.



Attach an energizer to the netting via jumper clips. Make sure the energizer is properly grounded

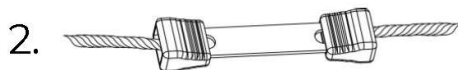
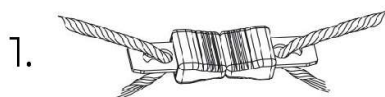


STARKLINE®

We recommend an energizer of *at least .1 Joule output per 164' of netting.*

How to use the repair kits:

If a strand breaks:



Need help?

866-359-9476

www.hksmartfence.com

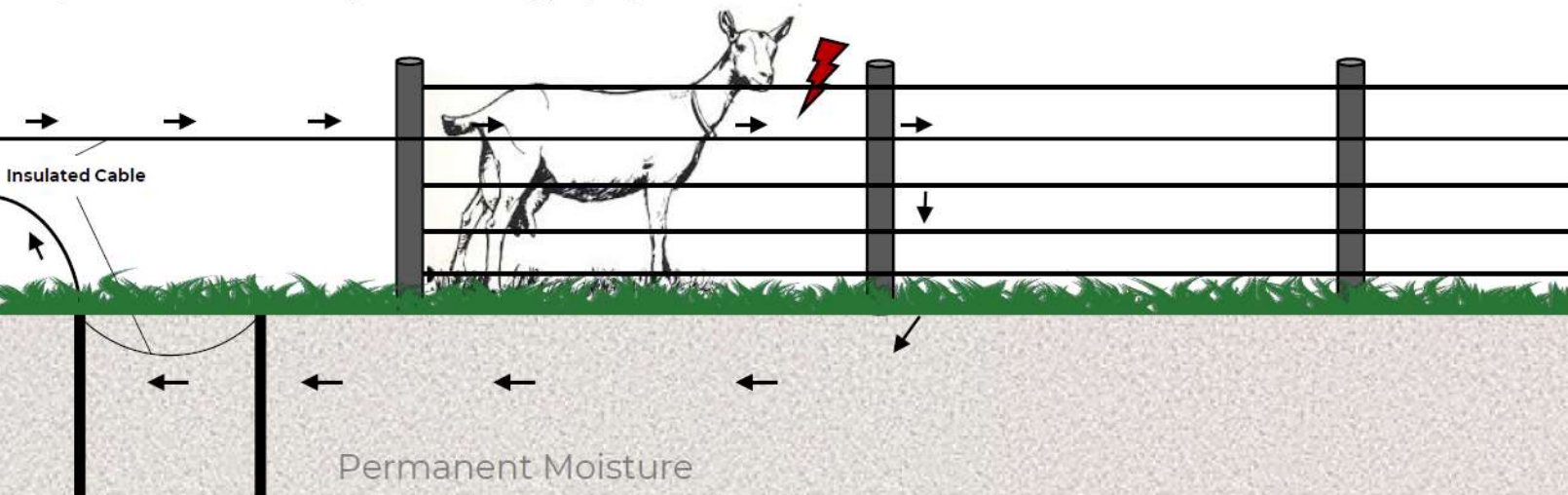
Email: info@hksmartfence.com

www.starklinenetting.com

Warning: Do not use with continuous current energizers, only low-impedence energizers.



Setup: Clear fence line of vegetation that may cause shorts. Connect the energizer to the netting using the included connector. Do not allow the netting to be loaded with snow or debris. Check the netting and its components on a regular basis to ensure the system is working properly.



Grounding Tips: The number and type of grounding rod needed depends on soil type. Do not install your ground system within 50 feet of a utility ground rod.

Permanent Moisture