How to plant & care for your bare root plant



TIPS FOR SUCCESS

Growing results may vary by region.

Watering: Sufficient watering is a must! Try not to let the soil completely dry out – you may have to water every few days if rainfall does not occur. Overwatering can be as damaging as underwatering. Be sure the area surrounding your plant has enough drainage to avoid standing water. Watering thoroughly in late Fall will enhance your plant's cold tolerance through Winter.

Feeding: Feed your plant once every 2 to 3 weeks during the growing season with a water-soluble fertilizer for acid-loving plants. Discontinue feeding after September 1, so your plants can harden off for their long Winter nap. Resume fertilizing when new growth appears in Spring.

Mulching: Apply a 2 to 4-in. layer of shredded bark, compost, leaves, straw or other organic matter around your

plants to promote moisture retention, maintain even soil



temperatures and discourage weed growth. Replenish mulch as needed.

Pruning: Plants may

be pruned to one-third the size after the growing and flowering season – ideally during the dormant Winter months.

Maintenance: Upon arrival, and throughout your plant's life, remove wilted or discolored foliage to encourage new growth. If weeds grow around your plant, pull them, including roots, as soon as they appear.



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