



NATRIA®

Disease & Fungus Control

Ready-to-Use

Controls Powdery Mildew And Other Diseases
For Flowers, Fruits & Vegetables



FOR organic gardening

Flowable Liquid Copper Fungicide

Active Ingredient:	By Wt.
Copper Octanoate (Copper Soap)	0.08%
Other Ingredients	99.92%
Total	100.00%
Metallic Copper Equivalent	0.017%

Can be used up to
day of harvest

NET CONTENTS
24 FL OZ (709ml)

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KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION See booklet for additional
precautionary statements

NATRIA Disease & Fungus Control

Ready-to-Use

DISEASES CONTROLLED

POWDERY MILDEW 	RUST 	BLACK SPOT 	FRUIT ROT 
LEAF & FRUIT SPOT 	DOWNY MILDEW 	LATE BLIGHT 	OTHER LISTED DISEASES

FOR USE ON

VEGETABLES	FRUITS	FLOWERS	ORNAMENTALS	TOBACCO [#]	HOPS [^]
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FOR USE IN

HOMES 	HOME GARDENS 	HOME GREENHOUSES 
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QUICK FACTS

- For hydroponic gardening
- Protects buds and flowers
- Can be used up to day of harvest



READ THE LABEL FIRST

[#] Controls Downy mildew
[^] Controls Downy mildew, anthracnose, cercospora, leaf spot, powdery mildew



[†]Or your money back



For Organic Use • OMRI.org



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 EPA Est. No. indicated by 3rd and 4th digits of the batch number on this package.
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FOR QUESTIONS OR COMMENTS?
 Call toll-free (877) 229-3724
 or visit us online at www.natria.com

PEEL HERE

Fixed copper is one of the oldest fungicides and bactericides, used to control a wide range of plant diseases. This product is a patented, fixed copper fungicide, made by combining a soluble copper fertilizer with a fatty acid. The copper and the fatty acid combine to form a copper salt of the fatty acid, known technically as a true soap. The copper soap fungicide controls many common diseases using low concentrations of copper. The net result is an excellent vegetable, fruit and ornamental fungicide. This product is suited for use in domestic circumstances, both indoors and outdoors.

A wide range of bacteria and fungi attack plants, however, they generally only cause a few types of diseases. When using this product, it is important to identify the type of disease in order to use the best method of disease control

DIRECTIONS FOR USE It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Read and follow all applicable directions and precautions on this label before using.

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS

Spray all plant surfaces (top and bottom of leaves) thoroughly with this product. 22 fluid ounces will treat 7 square yards. Begin treatment 2 weeks before disease normally appears or when disease first appears, and repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals for as long as needed. Re-apply after rain. To control **powdery mildews**, begin treatment 2 weeks before disease normally appears. Alternatively, begin treatment when disease first appears, and repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals for as long as needed. Spray every 7 days when the amount of disease is increasing rapidly. If possible, time applications so that 12 hours of dry weather follow application. On plants that are very susceptible to powdery mildew, such as home-greenhouse-grown cucumber, it is best to spray the plants twice a week during the first 2 weeks after emergence, and weekly thereafter. On outdoor plants, re-apply after rain. To control **downy mildews, leaf and fruit spots, blights, and rust**,

begin treatment 2 weeks before disease normally appears or when weather forecasts predict a long period of wet weather. Alternatively, begin treatment when disease first appears, and repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals for as long as needed. Spray all plant parts thoroughly. Re-apply following heavy rain. Apply every 7 days when the amount of disease is increasing rapidly. Sprays every 5 to 7 days should be used for preventing late blight on potatoes and tomatoes. If possible, time applications so that at least 12 hours of dry weather follows application. To prevent **fruit rots**, spray this product thoroughly onto flowers and fruit. Apply at the start of flowering and continue every 7 to 10 days until harvest. Fungicidal sprays are especially warranted when weather forecasts predict a long period of wet weather. Re-apply after rain.

GRAPES

Note: Do not mix this product with lime. Certain Vinifera and French Hybrid varieties may be sensitive to copper sprays resulting in marginal leaf burn. Before spraying these varieties, consult your State Experiment Station or make test sprays.

Downy mildew, Black rot, Phomopsis Cane and Leaf Spot, Powdery mildew Spray all plant surfaces thoroughly with this product. For best control begin treatment when new growth reaches ½ inch and repeat at 7 to 14 day intervals throughout the growing season.

Gray mold (Fruit rot)

Spray all plant surfaces thoroughly with this product. For best control begin treatment at the end of bloom and repeat at 7 to 14 day intervals.

PEACHES

Peach leaf curl

Spray all plant surfaces thoroughly with this product. Can be used to control peach leaf curl. Apply as a dormant spray in late fall during a period of dry weather.

ORNAMENTAL PLANTS

Spray all plant surfaces thoroughly with this product. Begin treatment when new growth emerges and repeat every 7 to 10 days for as long as needed to control disease.

African violet	Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Botrytis blight, Leaf spot, Powdery mildew
Aluminum plant	Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Anthracnose, Leaf spot, Rhizoctonia blight
Aralia	Anthracnose, Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Leaf spot
Areca palm	Leaf spot
Bird's nest fern	Bacterial leaf spot and blight
Boston fern	Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Botrytis blight, Rhizoctonia blight
Bromeliad	Anthracnose, Bacterial leaf spot and blight
Cactus	Leaf spot
Caladium	Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Rhizoctonia blight
Chinese evergreen	Anthracnose, Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Leaf spot, Rhizoctonia blight, Soft rot
Corn plant	Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Botrytis blight, Leaf spot
Croton	Anthracnose, Bacterial leaf spot and blight

Devils ivy	Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Rhizoctonia blight
Dieffenbachia	Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Leaf spot, Rhizoctonia blight
Dracaena	Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Botrytis blight, Leaf spot
Dwarf Schefflera	Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Leaf spot
Earthstar	Anthracnose
English ivy	Anthracnose, Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Botrytis blight, Leaf spot, Rhizoctonia blight
Euphorbia	Rhizoctonia blight
Fishtail palm	Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Leaf spot
Grape ivy	Anthracnose, Botrytis blight, Downy mildew, Powdery mildew, Rhizoctonia blight
India-rubber tree	Leaf spot, Botrytis blight
Japanese fatsia	Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Leaf spot, Rhizoctonia blight
Ladyfinger palm	Leaf spot
Lipstick vine	Botrytis blight, Leaf spot
Nephtytis	Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Leaf spot, Rhizoctonia blight

Nerve plant	Rhizoctonia blight
Norfolk Island pine	Colletotrichum needle blight
Oyster plant	Leaf spot
Peperomia	Leaf spot, Rhizoctonia blight
Philodendron	Anthracnose, Botrytis blight, Leaf spot
Pothos	Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Rhizoctonia blight
Prayer plant	Leaf spot
Rattlesnake plant	Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Leaf spot
Schefflera	Anthracnose, Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Leaf spot, Rhizoctonia blight
Sedum	Leaf spot
Snake plant	Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Leaf spot
Spathe flower	Leaf spot, Rhizoctonia blight
Staghorn fern	Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Rhizoctonia blight
Swiss cheese plant	Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Anthracnose, Rhizoctonia blight, Soft rot
Tailflower	Anthracnose, Bacterial leaf spot and blight, Leaf spot, Rhizoctonia blight, Soft rot

Ti plant	Anthrachnose, Leaf spot
Urn plant	Anthrachnose, Bacterial leaf spot and blight
Various palms	Leaf spot
Wax plant	Botrytis blight, Leaf spot, Rhizoctonia blight
Weeping fig	Leaf spot
Yucca	Leaf spot
Zebra plant	Botrytis blight, Leaf spot, Rhizoctonia blight

This product may cause some copper toxicity on some plant species. Before spraying a specific plant species, consult your State Experiment Station or make a test spray.

ROSES

Blackspot, Downy mildew, Gray mold, Leafspots, Powdery mildew, Rust

Spray all plant surfaces thoroughly with this product. Begin treatment when new spring growth emerges and repeat every 7 to 10 days for as long as needed to control disease. This product may cause some copper toxicity on some roses. Copper toxicity appears as purple spots.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL
PESTICIDE STORAGE

Store this product in its original container and keep in a secure storage area out of reach of children and domestic animals. Store in a secure place, away from open fire or flame.

Keep container closed and reseal after use. Product may be damaged by freezing. Do not store product below 40°F (4°C). If spilled, use absorbent materials and dispose of in an approved manner.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL AND CONTAINER HANDLING

Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container.

If Empty: Place in trash or offer for recycling if available.

If Partly Filled: Call your local solid waste agency for disposal instructions.

Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.

We guarantee your satisfaction or your money back.

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NATRIA®
DISEASE & FUNGUS CONTROL READY-TO-USE

FIRST AID

IF IN EYES

- Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15- 20 minutes.
- Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING

- Take off contaminated clothing.
- Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF SWALLOWED

- Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
- Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
- Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor.
- Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

IF INHALED

- Move person to fresh air.
- If person is not breathing call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards To Humans And Domestic Animals

CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed, absorbed through skin or inhaled. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing spray mist. Remove contaminated clothing and wash clothing before reuse.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to fish and aquatic organisms and may contaminate water through runoff. Do not apply directly to water. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

We guarantee your satisfaction or your money back.

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