

The Brightwell Blueberry shrub produces an abundance of large, blue-black fruits with excellent flavor over a long season. As one of the rabbiteye varieties they are perfect for eating fresh, cooking or freezing. These small shrubs look lovely in landscapes, with leaves that turn bright red in fall. The Brightwell Blueberry requires organic, acid (sour) soil. Typically produces ripe fruit quickly, with ripe berries two months after you notice the flowers on branches.

- The Brightwell Blueberry matures in early summer.
- Most rabbiteye blueberries require cross pollination for maximum fruit set, therefore, plant at least two cultivars to ensure the best fruit is produced.
- Blueberries attract wildlife, so plant plenty to share or simply place netting over shrubs to help protect the delicious berries from disappearing.
- Best grown in USDA Hardiness Zones 7-9.
- Space 5-8 feet apart when planting.
- Water 2-3 times a week.
- Mature height will be 6-10 feet tall with mature width of 6-8 feet.

#1 size pot has actual size of 2.37 Liters/2.5 Quarts

#2 size pot is equal to 1.5 gallons/5.68 Liters

#3 size pot is equal to 2.929 gallons/11.090 Liters

#5 size pot is equal to 3.740 gallons/14.165 Liters

#6 size pot is equal to 6.06 gallons/22.94 Liters

#7 size pot is equal to 6.093 gallons/23.067 Liters

Below are general planting instructions.

1. Remove tree and soil mix from plastic container.
2. Dig hole twice the width of pot and as deep.
3. Place roots, surrounded by potting soil from container, in the middle of hole. The top of potting soil should be slightly above ground level, as the plant will later settle. Be careful to not plant too deep as this will suffocate the root system.
4. Ensure the roots are not tightly compressed. Use your fingers or blunt instrument to loosen the potting soil/roots and spread gently to encourage outward growth into the surrounding earth.
5. Use soil that was removed while digging to fill hole back, but remember to only fill to top level of soil mix that is around plant.
6. Water soil, allow it to settle and add more soil if needed. Tamp lightly. (Tamp, for the majority of us who might not know, means to tap the soil with light to medium blows repeatedly.) This will help soil to settle.
7. Water plant again. Adding mulch around plant in a 1-2" layer will help retain moisture. If experiencing hot or dry weather it will be important to water plants more frequently, versus the recommended 1-2 times a week to water thoroughly.

Please review the recommended USDA Zones for your area. It is important to select plants with recommendations for your zone; otherwise, they will not be successful in your landscape due to their inability to grow in those weather conditions.