The Pirtle Nursery Powder Blue Blueberry #2 Shrubs maintain an upright, narrow form while producing large, sweet fruit. It is valuable as a lovely landscape plant with lovely pink and white flowers in the spring and firm, dark blue fruit in the summer. The Powder Blue Blueberry produces a sweet, tart berry that makes a delicious snack. This rabbiteye variety is a lower maintenance blueberry plant that can handle moderate to hot temperatures. Typically produces ripe fruit late June to early July.

- Includes one Powder Blue Blueberry shrub in a #2 pot and detailed planting instructions. Matures in the late summer.
- Most rabbiteye blueberries require cross pollination for maximum fruit set; therefore, plant at least two cultivars to ensure the best fruit is produced.
- Blueberries attract wildlife, plant plenty to share or simply place netting over shrubs to help protect the delicious berries from disappearing.
- Most rabbiteye blueberries require cross pollination for maximum fruit set, therefore, plant at least two cultivars to ensure the best fruit is produced.
- Blueberries attract wildlife, so plant plenty to share or simply place netting over shrubs to help protect the delicious berries from disappearing.
- Powder Blue Blueberry shrubs are best grown in USDA Hardiness Zones 4-7.
- Space 5-8 feet apart and water 2-3 times a week.
- Mature height and width will be 6-10 feet tall.
- #2 size pot has actual size of 5.68 liters/1.5 gallons.

Below are general planting instructions.

ņ

Unti

私

- 1. Remove tree and soil mix from plastic container.
- 2. Dig hole twice the width of pot and as deep.
- 3. Place roots, surrounded by potting soil from container, in the middle of hole. The top of potting soil should be slightly above ground level, as the plant will later settle. Be careful to not plant too deep as this will suffocate the root system.
- 4. Ensure the roots are not tightly compressed. Use your fingers or blunt instrument to loosen the potting soil/roots and spread gently to encourage outward growth into the surrounding earth.
- 5. Use soil that was removed while digging to fill hole back, but remember to only fill to top level of soil mix that is around plant.
- 6. Water soil, allow it to settler and add more soil if needed. Tamp lightly. (Tamp, for the majority of us who might not know, means to tap the soil with light to medium blows repeatedly.) This will help soil to settle.
- 7. Water plant again. Adding mulch around plant in a 1-2" layer will help retain moisture. If experiencing hot or dry weather it will be important to water plants more frequently, versus the recommended 1-2 times a week to water thoroughly.

Please review^ethe recommended USDA Zones for your area. It is important to select plants with recommendations for your zone; otherwise, they will not be successful in your landscape due to their inability to grow in those weather conditions.