The Pirtle Nursery Golden Dorsett apple tree produces medium to large fruit. This apple has golden yellow skin with red blush. The Golden Dorsett apple has firm, crisp flesh with a sweet-tart flavor. This fruit tree does well in mild winter climates, with only 100-200 chill hours. Great for baking or fresh eating, with beautiful early spring blooms, this apple tree is a delightful addition to any landscape. Harvest season will be during June-July.

- Includes one Golden Dorsett #5 (3.74 gal.) pot and detailed planting instructions.
- Blooms in early spring with white flowers with a touch of pink.
- Harvest in June-July.
- The Golden Dorsett Apple requires a co-pollinator, such as Anna, Gala or a Fuji apple tree.
- It requires 100-200 chill hours.
- Best grown in USDA Hardiness Zones 5-9.
- Apple trees benefit from regular pruning, but only done during their dormancy.
- · Prefers moist, well-drained soil and full sun.
- Mature height will be 12-18 feet, with mature width of 10-15 feet.
- #5 size pot has actual size of 14.165 Liters (3.74 gal.)

Below are general planting instructions.

- 1. Remove tree and soil mix from plastic container.
- 2. Dig hole twice the width of pot and as deep.
- 3. Place roots, surrounded by potting soil from container, in the middle of hole. The top of potting soil should be slightly above ground level, as the plant will later settle. Be careful to not plant too deep as this will suffocate the root system.
- 4. Ensure the roots are not tightly compressed. Use your fingers or blunt instrument to loosen the potting soil/roots and spread gently to encourage outward growth into the surrounding earth.
- 5. Use soil that was removed while digging to fill hole back, but remember to only fill to top level of soil mix that is around plant.
- 6. Water soil, allow it to settler and add more soil if needed. Tamp lightly. (Tamp, for the majority of us who might not know, means to tap the soil with light to medium blows repeatedly.) This will help soil to settle.
- 7. Water plant again. Adding mulch around plant in a 1-2" layer will help retain moisture. If experiencing hot or dry weather it will be important to water plants more frequently, versus the recommended 1-2 times a week to water thoroughly.

Please review the recommended USDA Zones for your area. It is important to select plants with recommendations for your zone; otherwise, they will not be successful in your landscape due to their inability to grow in those weather conditions.